



# PHYSICAL GEOGRAPHY

Geography  
Beginner (KS1/2)

**Learning outcomes:** To be able to describe the features of physical geography.

## Activity I instructions - Physical geography



- Print either “Physical Geography” A or B booklets depending on students’ ability.
- Give each pupil a booklet.
- Check pronunciation of vocabulary.
- Ask the pupils to complete their booklet.
- Nominate different pupils to talk about a feature.

### Materials required:

- “Physical Geography ” booklet A (pages 2–6)
- “Physical Geography ” booklet B (pages 7–11)

### Tip!

Go to Primary Geography, Lesson 11 in the app to practise this vocabulary.



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# PHYSICAL GEOGRAPHY A

Geography  
Beginner (KS1/2)

## Beach



Beaches are a common feature of a \_\_\_\_\_. They are made up of \_\_\_\_\_ material that the \_\_\_\_\_ has transported from elsewhere and deposited. Waves help to build the \_\_\_\_\_. Some beaches are made up from \_\_\_\_\_ or \_\_\_\_\_.

**sand**

**coastline**

**shingle**

**eroded**

**sea**

**beach**



# PHYSICAL GEOGRAPHY A

Geography  
Beginner (KS1/2)

## Mountain



Mountains reach high above \_\_\_\_\_ level and the surrounding \_\_\_\_\_. They are steeper than \_\_\_\_\_. A mountain usually has a pointed top called a \_\_\_\_\_. Mountains have a different \_\_\_\_\_ to land at sea level and nearby \_\_\_\_\_ land.

**flat**

**land**

**hills**

**climate**

**sea**

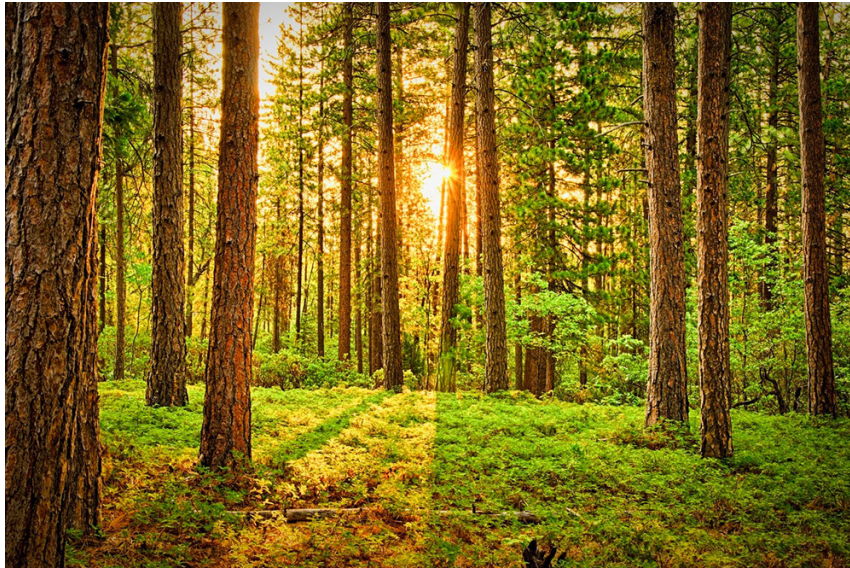
**peak**



# PHYSICAL GEOGRAPHY A

Geography  
Beginner (KS1/2)

## Forest



A forest is a large area of land that is mainly covered by \_\_\_\_\_. There are many different types of \_\_\_\_\_ across the globe and they have different \_\_\_\_\_ depending on where they are. Forests provide homes to many different \_\_\_\_\_ and support large \_\_\_\_\_ for \_\_\_\_\_ and animals.

humans

ecosystems

trees

climates

species

forest





# PHYSICAL GEOGRAPHY A

Geography  
Beginner (KS1/2)

## Hill



A hill is a piece of land that rises \_\_\_\_\_ than everything surrounding it. Hills are easier to climb than \_\_\_\_\_. A hill has a summit, which is its highest point. Sometimes hills are made by \_\_\_\_\_ and sometimes they are formed when \_\_\_\_\_ underneath the \_\_\_\_\_ move.

rocks

people

mountains

earth

higher

summit



# PHYSICAL GEOGRAPHY A

Geography  
Beginner (KS1/2)

## Sea



The sea is a large body of \_\_\_\_\_ water that is surrounded by \_\_\_\_\_. The sea is split up into five main \_\_\_\_\_: Atlantic, Pacific, Indian, Arctic and Southern Ocean. The sea has an effect on the Earth's \_\_\_\_\_. It has been explored by many \_\_\_\_\_ over different periods of \_\_\_\_\_.

history

salt

climate

people

oceans

land



# PHYSICAL GEOGRAPHY B

Geography  
Beginner (KS1/2)

## Beach



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**sand**

**coastline**

**shingle**

**eroded**

**sea**

**beach**



# PHYSICAL GEOGRAPHY B

Geography  
Beginner (KS1/2)

## Mountain



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**flat**

**land**

**hills**

**climate**

**sea**

**peak**

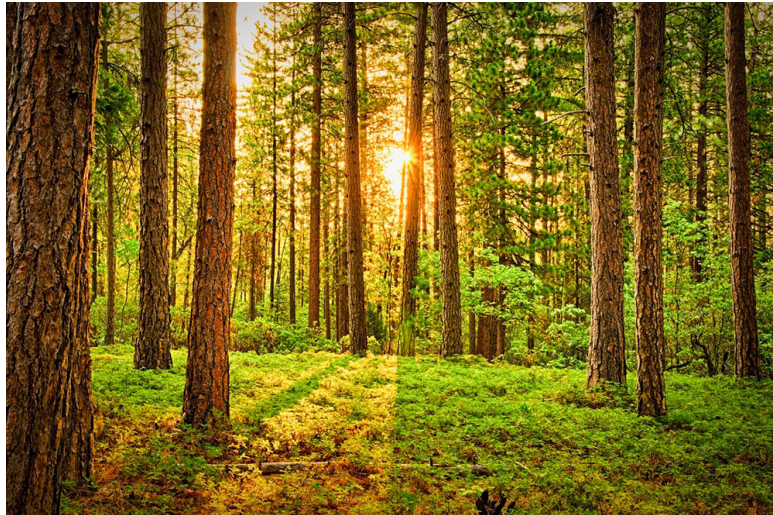




# PHYSICAL GEOGRAPHY B

Geography  
Beginner (KS1/2)

## Forest



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**humans**

**ecosystems**

**trees**

**climates**

**species**

**forest**



# PHYSICAL GEOGRAPHY B

Geography  
Beginner (KS1/2)

## Hill



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**rocks**

**people**

**mountains**

**earth**

**higher**

**summit**



# PHYSICAL GEOGRAPHY B

Geography  
Beginner (KS1/2)

## Sea



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**history**

**salt**

**climate**

**people**

**oceans**

**land**